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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/076,270	02/19/2002	Robert Kopetzky	076326-0228	1060		
22428	7590 11/25/2003		EXAM	EXAMINER		
FOLEY AND LARDNER			HAUGLAND, SCOTT J			
SUITE 500 3000 K STRE	". ET NW		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
WASHINGTO	ON, DC 20007		3654			
			DATE MAILED: 11/25/2003	3		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Α	pplication No.	Applican	t(s)	→	4
	1	0/076,270	KOPETZI	KY ET AI		
Offic Action Summ	ary E	kamin r	Art Unit			
4	S	cott Haugland	3654			
The MAILING DATE of this of Peri d for Reply	ommunication appear	s on the cover sheet	with the correspond	lence ad	dress	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS CO - Extensions of time may be available under the after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date o - If the period for reply specified above is less th - If NO period for reply is specified above, the m - Failure to reply within the set or extended perion - Any reply received by the Office later than thre earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR of Status	MMUNICATION. provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a) f this communication. an thirty (30) days, a reply with aximum statutory period will ap d for reply will, by statute, cau e months after the mailing date	. In no event, however, may nin the statutory minimum of oply and will expire SIX (6) N se the application to become	y a reply be timely filed thirty (30) days will be consi MONTHS from the mailing da e ABANDONED (35 U.S.C.	ite of this co § 133).	y. ommunication.	
1) Responsive to communication	on(s) filed on <u>08 Septe</u>	ember 2003.				
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL.	2b)⊡ This acti	on is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in coclosed in accordance with the					merits is	
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) <u>11-20</u> is/are pendin 4a) Of the above claim(s) 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowe 6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>11-20</u> is/are rejecte 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are object 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to	is/are withdrawn to d. d. d. ed to.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected 10) The drawing(s) filed on Applicant may not request that Replacement drawing sheet(s) 11) The oath or declaration is ob	_ is/are: a) ☐ acceptor any objection to the draw including the correction sected to by the Exam	wing(s) be held in abe is required if the draw	yance. See 37 CFR 1 ing(s) is objected to. S	.85(a). See 37 CF		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and		:	0 0 440(-) (-) (0			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a) All b) Some * c) Note of the copies of the certified copies of the certified application from the Ir * See the attached detailed Offi 13) Acknowledgment is made of a since a specific reference was 37 CFR 1.78. a) The translation of the form of the	one of: priority documents had priority documents had copies of the priority ternational Bureau (Foce action for a list of the claim for domestic princluded in the first seriegn language provisional claim for domestic priority claim for domestic priority documents of the claim for domestic priority documents of the priority documents had copied to the priority documents of the priority documents had copied to the priority documents of the priority documents had copied to the priority documents of the priority docume	ave been received. ave been received in documents have been to the contents of the certified copies of the specification application has contents under 35 U.S.	n Application No een received in this Not received. .C. § 119(e) (to a pro- ification or in an Apples been received. .C. §§ 120 and/or 12		l application Data Sheet a specific	
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO			ew Summary (PTO-413) I of Informal Patent Applic			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 11 and 14-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mitzkus, et al in view of Wier.

Mitzkus, et al discloses a safety belt tensioner drive unit comprising a drive shaft coupled to a belt winding reel and capable of being triggered, a drive chamber formed by two connected plates 51, 52 which extend parallel to one another, drive bands 21 having ends fastened to the drive shaft and wound on the drive shaft, and a gas generator responsive to an acceleration sensor. Exposure of the chamber and band to pressurized gas from the gas generator causes the drive band to unwind and drive the drive shaft.

Mitzkus, et al does not disclose a coating material on the facing sides of the plates.

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Wier teaches providing a coating (wax or other material – see column 6, lines 1-6) on one of engaging relatively moving surfaces that define an enclosed chamber for containing pressurized gas which drives a safety belt tensioner to reduce gas loss from the chamber. The coating of Wier is seen to be a film.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to provide Mitzkus, et al with a film of coating material such as wax between the plates and band as taught by Wier to enhance gas retention in the drive chamber. It would have been obvious to include the coating material on the plates forming the chamber to ensure adequate material to maintain the desired seal throughout the range of motion of the band. With regard to claim 14, it would have been obvious to provide a coating of varying thickness as taught by Wier to accommodate variations in spacing and thickness of the plates. With regard to claim 16 and 17, the materials taught by Wier are seen to be soft and have adhesive properties. With regard to claims 18 and 19, the band would inherently penetrate and remove some of the coating material if the soft coating material were placed to bridge the gap between the band and plates as taught by Wier.

Claims 12 and 13 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mitzkus, et al in view of Wier as applied to claim 11 above, and further in view of Stephens, et al.

Mitzkus, et al does not disclose a plurality of layers of coating material on the plates forming the drive chamber.

Stephens, et al teaches providing a plurality of layers of coating material on a machine element to form a seal. Note column 4, lines 66-69.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to provide a plurality of layers of coating material on the plates of Mitzkus, et al as taught by Stephens, et al to form a seal with the band. With regard to claim 13, it would have been obvious to provide an additional layer of a different material such as a lubricant on the plates to reduce friction between the plates and band as is old and well known.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 9/8/03 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants argue that Wier does not teach providing a coating material on the facing sides of the plates 51, 52 of Mitzkus et al since Wier does not address a seatbelt retractor for winding a seatbelt (Wier discloses a linearly

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actuated cable for tensioning a seatbelt) and Wier has no structure corresponding to the drive band 21 of Mitzkus et al. However, Wier teaches how to provide a seal between a flexible element (cable) and a wall of a pressure chamber.

The device of Wier, like that of Mitzkus et al, is a seatbelt tensioner operated by pressurized gas. Like the Mitzkus et al device, the pressurized gas is generated by ignition of a pyrotechnic charge. The teachings of Wier clearly relate to the same environment as that of the Mitzkus et al device.

Mitzkus et al discloses a seal between the bands 21 and walls 29 (col. 6, lines 52-60). Wier would have suggested to an ordinary artisan that it was desirable to provide a wax or other material between the walls 29 and bands 21 of Mitzkus et al to provide an improved seal that accommodates the flexibility of the bands and any irregularities in the bands and walls.

Placing the wax on the plates would have been obvious since it would have been clear that the seal would have been improved by application of wax to either or both of the surfaces to be sealed. Note that wax would inherently be present on bot h the cable and chamber wall of Wier.

Additionally, it would have been clear that the surfaces of the plates were desirable locations for the wax since the cable of Wier slides against a relatively fixed area of the chamber wall. The area of contact between the cable and chamber wall moves progressively along the cable. The provision

of wax along a length of the cable maintains a seal as the cable slides against the chamber wall and out of the chamber. If wax were applied only to the chamber wall, a limited supply would be available and would be depleted by being distributed along the passing cable.

Similarly, in Mitzkus et al, the area of contact moves along the surfaces of the plates and the bands expand, so it would have been clearly desirable to apply the wax to the plates to maintain an adequate supply to provide a sufficient seal throughout the range of motion of each expanding band.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the

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advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Scott Haugland whose telephone number is (703) 305-6498. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kathy Matecki can be reached on (703) 308-2688. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

sjh 11/20/03

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600